AND PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

U.S. Appln. No.: 10/509,596

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the

Atty. Docket No.: Q83591

application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (currently amended): An identifying marker attached as a-an identification target to a

product or service provided by a client for identification of said product or service,

the identifying marker being characterized in that at least a portion of said identification

target is formed by a planar arranged fibrous body made of an optical interference fiber

comprising an alternate laminated body obtained by laminating layers of polymers with different

refractive indexes in an alternating fashion,

wherein if P polarized light and S polarized light are respectively defined as the

transmitted light from the polarizing plate slit when the slit axis of the polarizing plate is situated

parallel and perpendicular to a direction of orientation of said fibrous body, said fibrous body has

color difference anisotropy between said P polarized light and S polarized light.

2. (canceled).

3. (original): The identifying marker according to claim 1, wherein the layer thickness is

0.02-0.3 µm for each layer of said alternate laminated body, and the count of layers is 5-120

layers.

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4. (original): The identifying marker according to claim 1, which has a protective layer

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surrounding said alternate laminated body.

5. (original): The identifying marker according to claim 1, wherein when the polymers

with different refractive indexes of said alternate laminated body are designated as: polymer A as

the polymer with the high refractive index and polymer B as the polymer with the low refractive

index, (said polymer A)/(said polymer B) is a combination selected from the group consisting of

the following:

(polyethylene terephthalate having a metal sulfonate salt-containing dibasic acid

component copolymerized at 0.3-10 mole percent with respect to the total dibasic acid

component)/(polymethyl methacrylate with an acid value of 3 or greater), (polyethylene

naphthalate having a metal sulfonate salt-containing dibasic acid component copolymerized at

0.3-5 mole percent with respect to the total dibasic acid component forming the

polyester)/(aliphatic polyamide), (copolymerized aromatic polyester obtained by

copolymerization of a dibasic acid component and/or a glycol component with at least one alkyl

group on a side chain, copolymerized at 5-30 mole percent with respect to the total repeating

units)/(polymethyl methacrylate), (polycarbonate having 4,4'-hydroxydiphenyl-2,2-propane as a

dihydric phenol component)/(polymethyl methacrylate), (polycarbonate having 4,4'-

hydroxydiphenyl-2,2-propane as a dihydric phenol component)/(poly(4-methylpentene)), and

(polyethylene terephthalate)/(aliphatic polyamide).

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6. (original): The identifying marker according to claim 1, which has, inside the

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alternating laminated body, a 3-component polymer layer formed in addition to the polymers

forming said alternate laminated body.

7. (original): The identifying marker according to claim 6, wherein said 3-component

polymer layer comprises metal fine particles.

8. (original): The identifying marker according to claim 1, which comprises, as an

identifier, a portion wherein the optical interference fiber is used to construct a body of an

identifiable size as a nonwoven fabric, woven fabric, knitted fabric, embroidered fabrics and/or

paper.

9. (original): The identifying marker according to claim 1, wherein said fibrous body is

a mixture of different types of optical interference fibers having different wavelengths for

interference light ranging from the infrared region to the ultraviolet region.

10. (original): The identifying marker according to claim 1, wherein said identification

target has a painted or dyed, and/or ink-painted or textile printed, and/or printed identifying

section containing said optical interference fiber as shortly cut staple fibers.

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11. (currently amended): An identifying method for an-the identifying marker according to claim 1 whereby an identification target attached to a product or service is identified, the method being characterized by constructing at least a portion of said identification target of a fibrous body provided with an optical interference fiber composed of an alternate laminated body obtained by laminating layers of polymers with different refractive indexes in an alternating fashion, and detecting a unique attribute of said optical interference fiber to identify the product or service,

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wherein if P polarized light and S polarized light are respectively defined as a transmitted light from a polarizing plate slit when the slit axis of the polarizing plate is situated parallel and perpendicular to a direction of orientation of said fibrous body, a color difference anisotropy between said P polarized light and S polarized light is detected to identify said product or service.

12. (canceled).

13. (original): The identifying method for an identifying marker according to claim 11, whereby a color difference (ΔE) of 3.0 or greater between said P polarized light and S polarized light is detected to identify said product or service.

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14. (original): The identifying method for an identifying marker according to claim 11,

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wherein interference light composed of infrared, visible and/or ultraviolet light is detected as

radiated light and/or reflected light from said fibrous body to identify said identification target.

15. (original): The identifying method for an identifying marker according to claim 11,

wherein a polymer layer containing fine particles made of an inorganic, organic and/or metallic

material having an identifying function is formed inside said alternate laminated body, and the

presence of said fine particles is detected by said identifying function of said particles, in order to

identify said identification target.

16. (original): The identifying method for an identifying marker according to claim 11,

wherein said identification target is identified by image recognition of said alternate laminated

body contained in said optical interference fiber.

17. (currently amended): An identifying system for an identifying marker comprising at

least an identifying marker according to claim 1 attached to a product or service, a fibrous body

composed of an alternate laminated body obtained by laminating layers of polymers with

different refractive indexes in an alternating fashion and having optical interference fibers

contained in at least a part of the identification target, and unique attribute detecting means for

detecting a unique attribute of said optical interference fibers.

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18. (original): The identifying system for an identifying marker according to claim 17,

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which includes an identifying marker comprising said fibrous body possessing at least one

specific unique attribute of said optical interference fiber,

a database for storing reference data relating to said specific unique attribute of said

fibrous body and to said product or service, and

checking means for checking the unique attribute detected by said unique attribute

detecting means against the reference data stored in said reference database.

19. (original): The identifying system for an identifying marker according to claim 18,

wherein said reference database and checking means are provided in a freely connectable manner

to a server via a telecommunication network.

20. (original): The identifying system for an identifying marker according to claim 17,

wherein said unique attribute detecting means is a polarizing plate which detects color difference

anisotropy between said P polarized light and S polarized light, where P polarized light and S

polarized light are respectively defined as a transmitted light from said polarizing plate slit when

it is situated parallel and perpendicular to the direction of fiber orientation of said fibrous body.

21. (original): The identifying system for an identifying marker according to claim 17,

wherein said unique attribute detecting means is a spectrophotometer for detection of a color

difference (ΔE) of 3.0 or greater between said P polarized light and S polarized light.

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22. (original): The identifying system for an identifying marker according to claim 21,

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wherein said spectrophotometer is a spectrophotometer for detecting a color difference (ΔE) at a

specific wavelength from the infrared region to the ultraviolet region.

23. (original): The identifying system for an identifying marker according to claim 17,

wherein said unique attribute detecting means is a fluorescent X-ray analyzer for detecting fine

particles made of an inorganic, organic and/or metallic material having an identifying function,

which are present in the polymer layer formed inside said alternate laminated body.

24. (original): The identifying system for an identifying marker according to claim 17,

wherein said unique attribute detecting means is image recognizing means for recognizing an

image of said alternate laminated body.

25. (currently amended): A method of providing an identification service of the

identifying method for the identifying marker according to claim 11 which comprises:

a presenting step for presenting identifying marker data containing at least specifications

and form of distribution relating to a client's product or service bearing the identifying marker

from a service provider to a client,

a selection step for selecting an unique attribute from among the unique attributes of an

optical interference fiber comprising an alternate laminated body obtained by laminating layers

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of polymers with different refractive indexes in an alternating fashion, based on the presented

identifying marker data, in order to identify the product or service,

a determining step for determining the attachment mode for attaching said identifying

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marker, of which at least a portion contains a planar arranged fibrous body as the identification

target, to the product or service,

a fabricating step for fabricating said identifying marker having the selected unique

attribute into said attachment mode, and

a providing step for providing the fabricated identifying marker to the client.

26. (original): The method of providing an identification service according to claim 25,

which includes a matching step for uniquely matching said unique attribute selected by the

service provider in a one-to-one correspondence with said product or service, and a storing step

for storing the matched information in a database.

27. (original): The method of providing an identification service according to claim 26,

which also comprises a reading step for reading the unique attribute conveyed from said

identifying marker attached to said product or service, a checking step for checking the read

unique attribute against data stored in said database, and an ascertaining step for ascertaining

said product or service based on said checking step.

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28. (original): The method of providing an identification service according to claim 25, wherein said unique attribute is the color difference anisotropy between said P polarized light and S polarized light at one or more specific wavelengths.

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